



Did you know?



... disease extent, location, sex, methods of diagnosis may influence the prevalence of Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis in patients with IBD?¹

Have you read the recent article on Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis (PSC) in patients with IBD? They suggest that clinical diagnosis alone may not be accurate to detect PSC in patients with IBD.¹ This means that so far we may have underestimated the burden of PSC in IBD and that we may need to improve our diagnostic methods.¹

Yes Doctor F, they also illustrated that the prevalence of PSC is generally higher in men with IBD compared with women, in patients with extensive UC compared with left-side UC, and in patients with colonic or ileocolonic CD compared with ileal disease.¹ These factors may be important in establishing a prompt diagnosis and initiating appropriate surveillance.¹

EIMs in IBD



PSC



CD: Crohn's disease; IBD: Inflammatory bowel disease; PSC: Primary sclerosing colangitis; UC: Ulcerative colitis

1. Barberio B et al. Gastroenterology 2021;161:1865–1877.